Projected Climate Change Impacts to the San Francisco Bay-Delta Ecosystem and Region

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Special Thanks to: Dan Cayan (USGS) Mike Dettinger (USGS) John Takekawa (USGS) Mike Casazza (USGS) Patrick Barnard (USGS) Doug Marcy (NOAA) Jeff Burgett (USFWS) Mendel Stewart (USFWS) Ellie Cohen (PRBO-Conservation Science)

Josh Collins (San Francisco Estuary Institute)

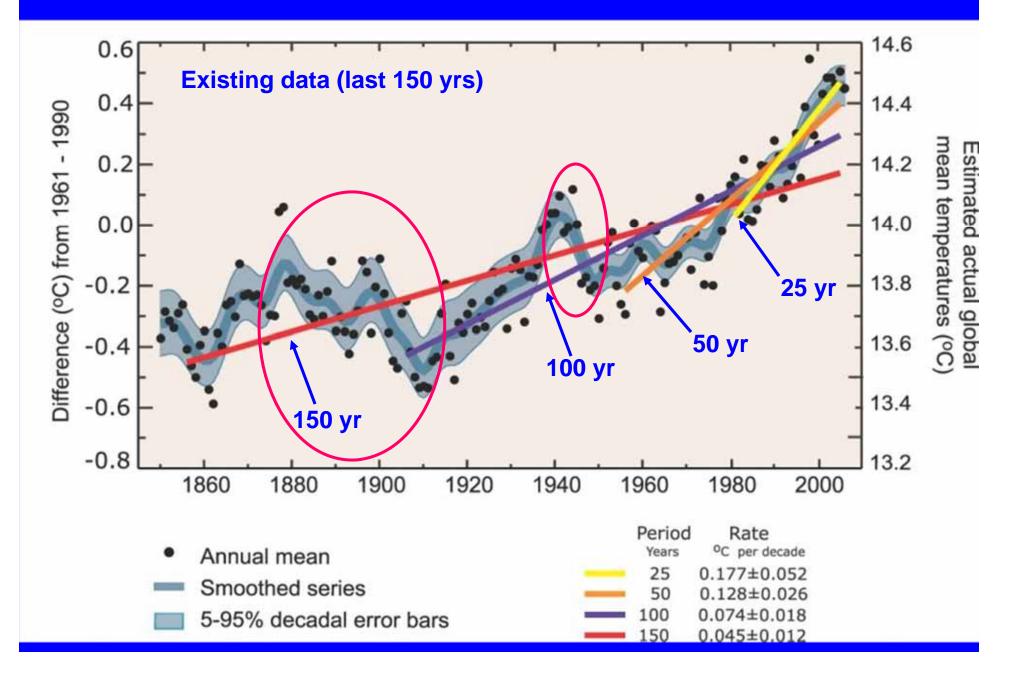


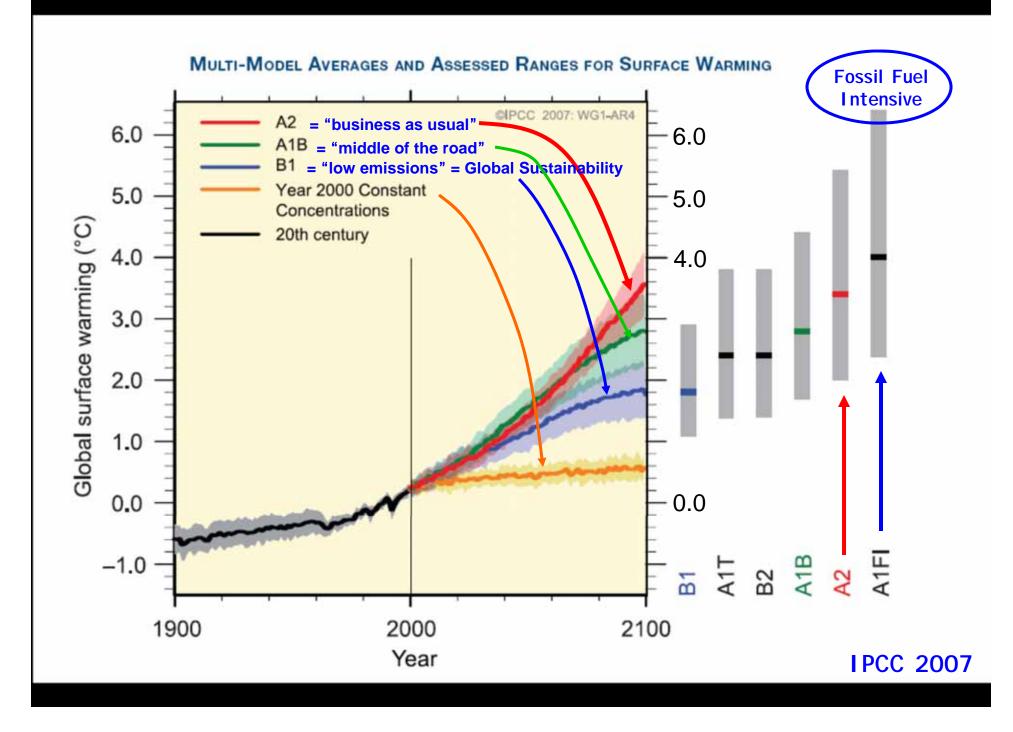


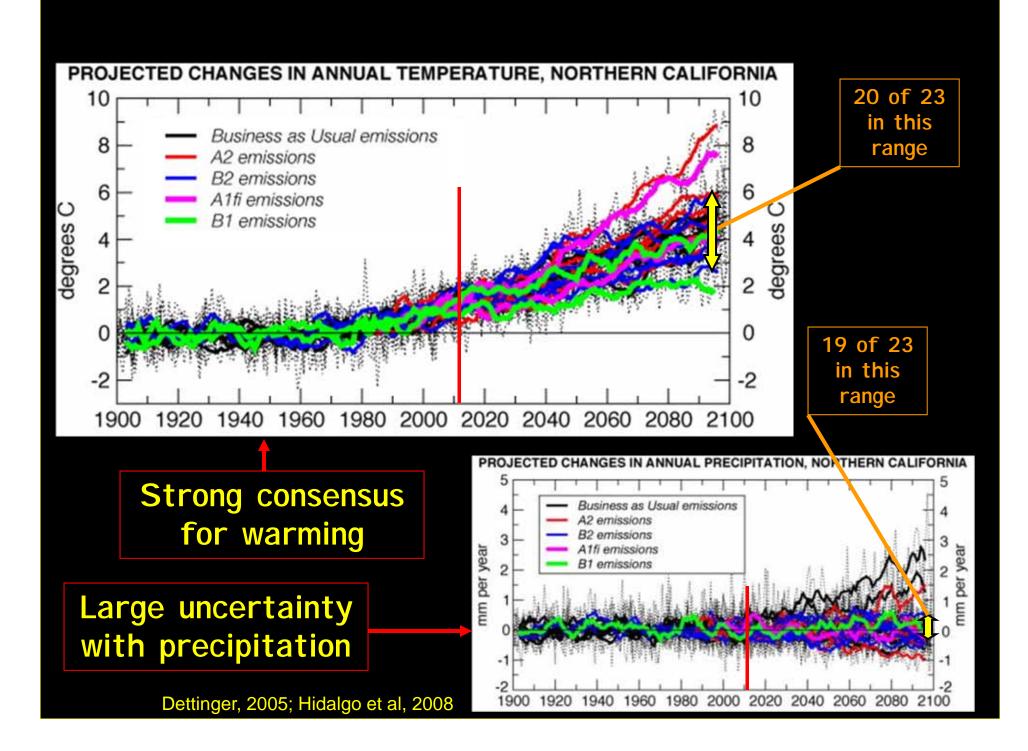




Rate of temperature change is increasing



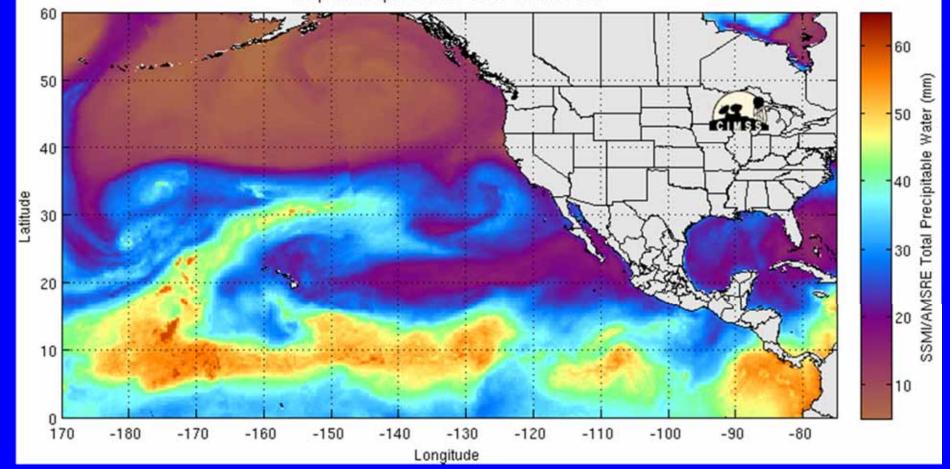




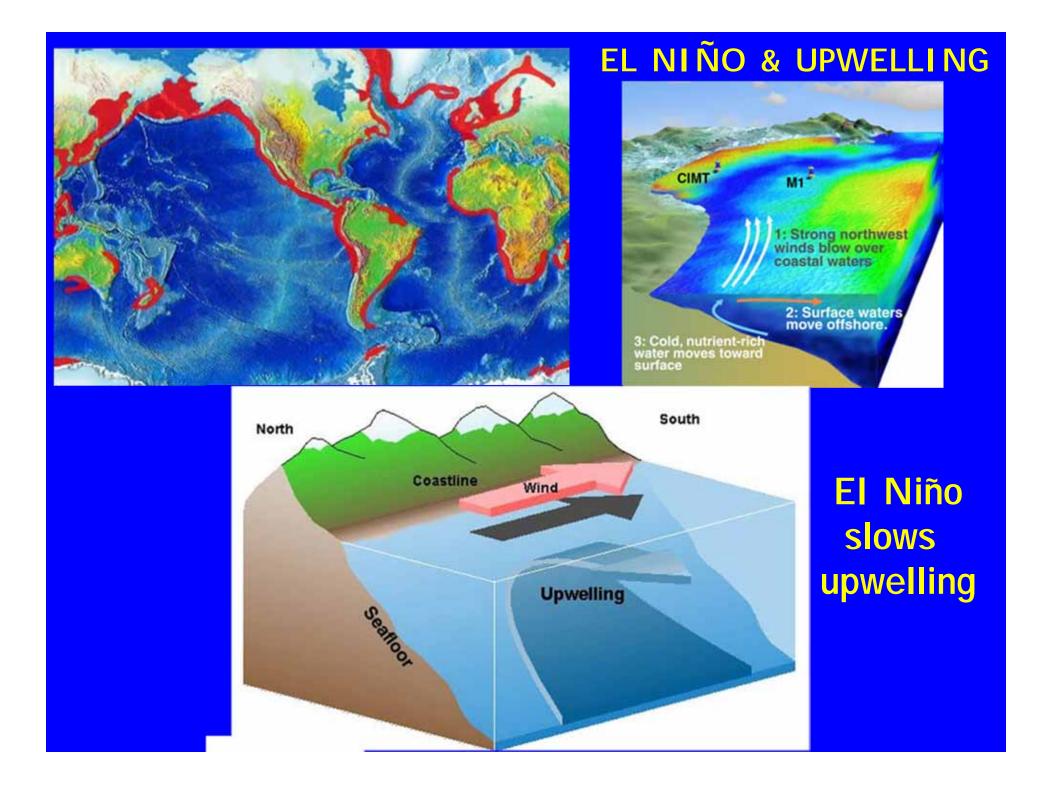
Atmospheric Rivers

SUPER STORM26 inches of rain in coastal CADecember 17-22, 201017 feet of snow in the Sierra

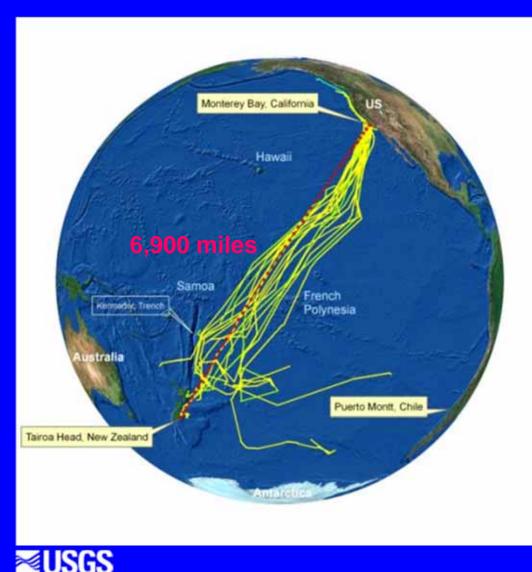
Morphed composite: 2010-12-17 00:00:00 UTC



Naval Research Lab



Movements and trans-Pacific migration of the Sooty Shearwater (*Puffinus griseus*)

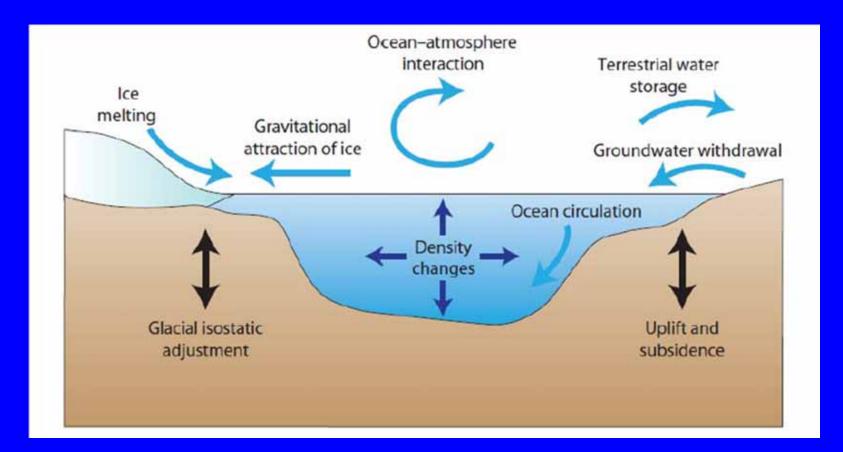






Source: J. Adams (USGS)

SEA LEVEL RISE

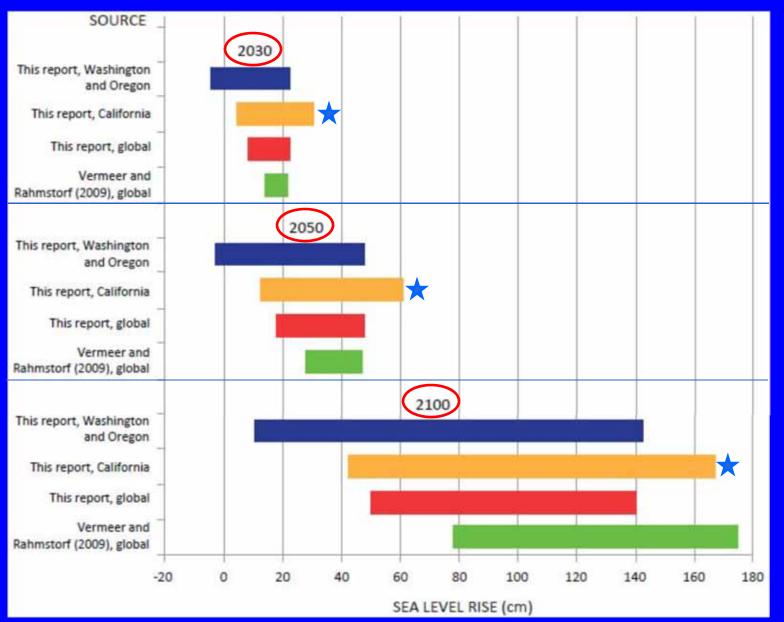


About 50% from expansion...

About 50% from melting of glaciers & ice caps ...

NRC: 2012

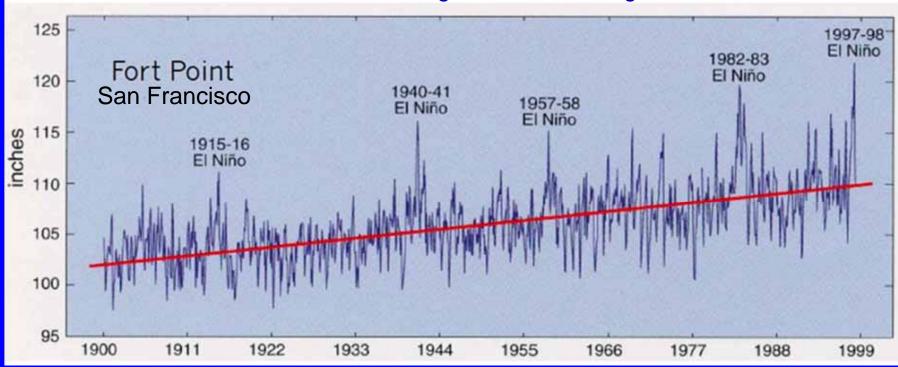
Estimates of future Sea Level Rise



NRC: 2012

El Niño Events Affect Sea Level

Local sea level rises during warm climate phases like El Niño, and falls during cool climate phases like La Niña



~ 10 inches higher than average

NRC: 2012



Sea level rise will further erode existing levees and inundate low elevation areas unprotected by levees.



<u>Past</u>

1849

With levee construction and development

Present





<u>2100</u>



J. Collins, San Francisco Estuary Institute

West Coast Trends

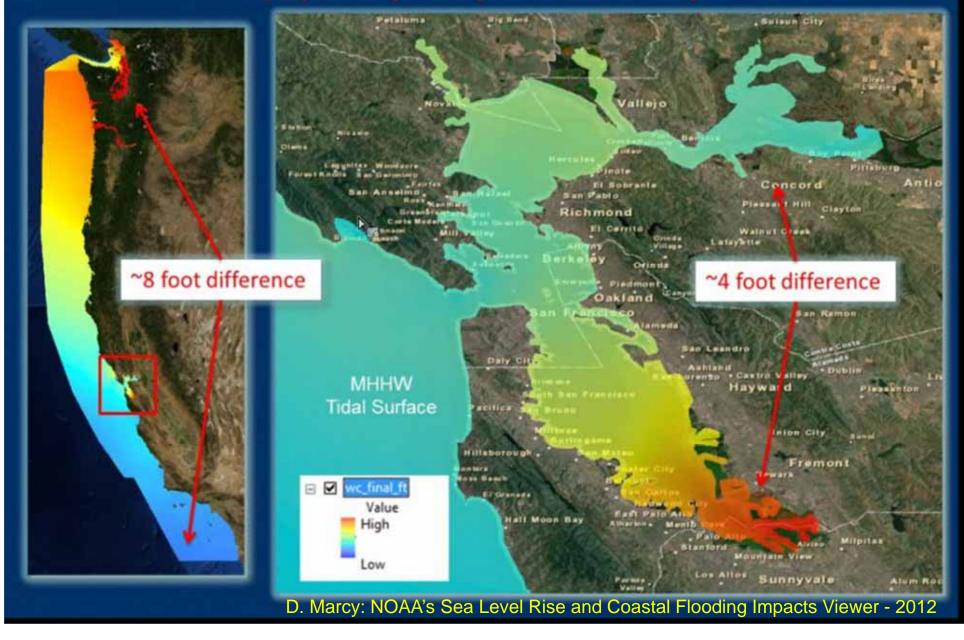
- California sea level rise up to 1.6 m by 2100
- Winter wave height increasing ~1-3 cm/yr
- Extreme wave height increasing ~10 cm/yr
- Wave surge increasing, especially in the north...
- Increase in magnitude and frequency of storms



- <u>Sources</u>: IPCC (2007)
- Allan and Komar (2006, Journ of Coastal Res),
- Climate Progress June 2009
- NRC 2012

The Ocean Is Not a Flat Surface

(especially in bays and estuaries)



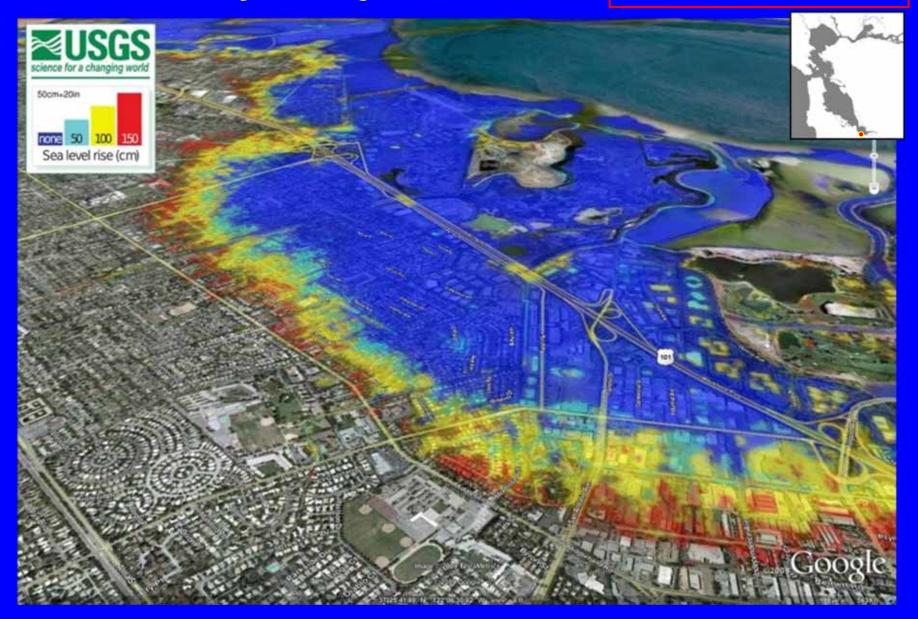
South Bay: Projections (infrastructure)



N. Knowles, USGS

South Bay: Projections

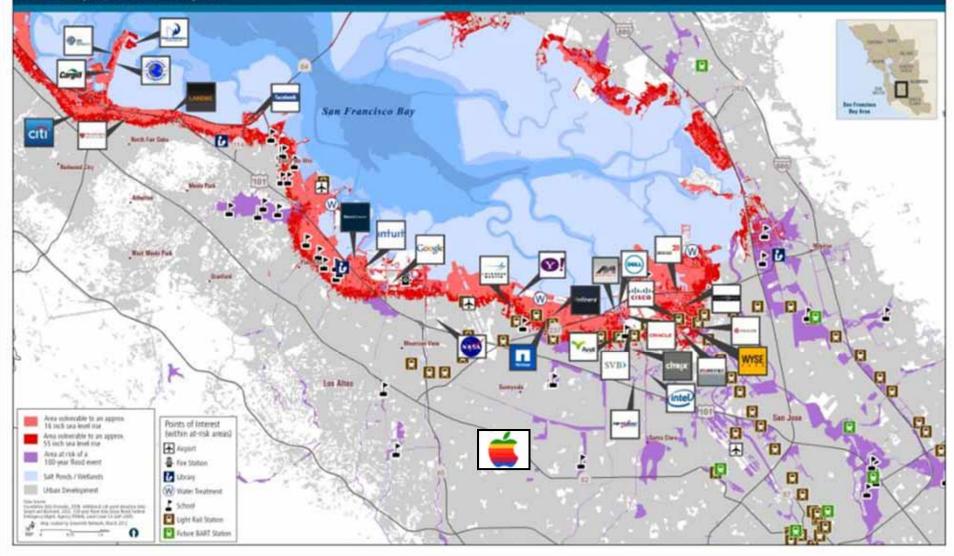
100 yr Storm Surge +



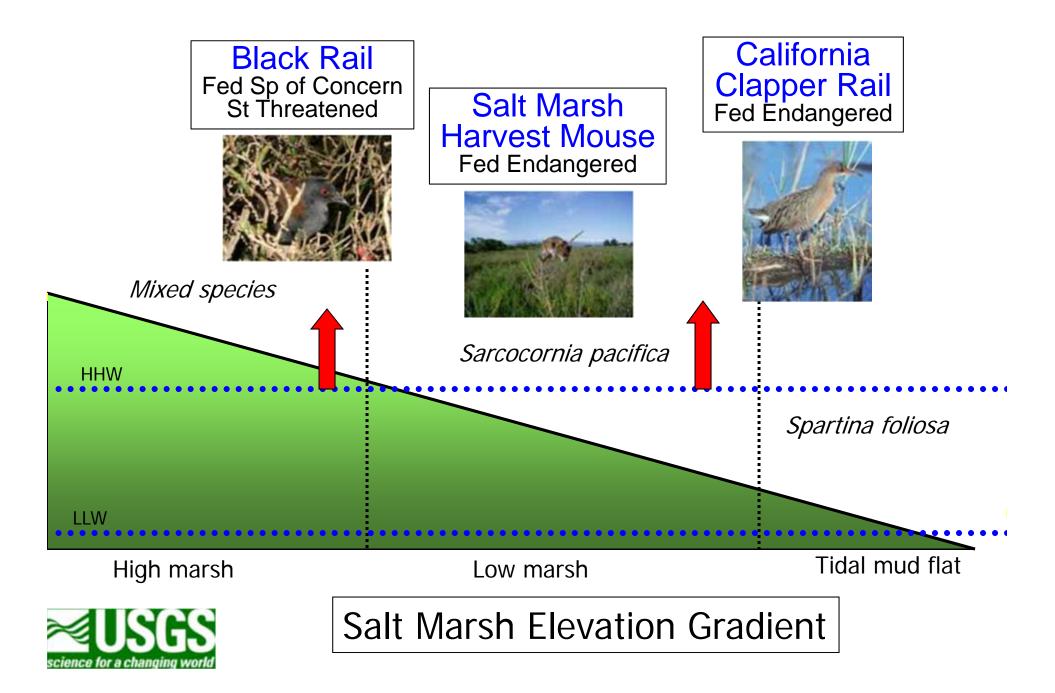
N. Knowles, USGS

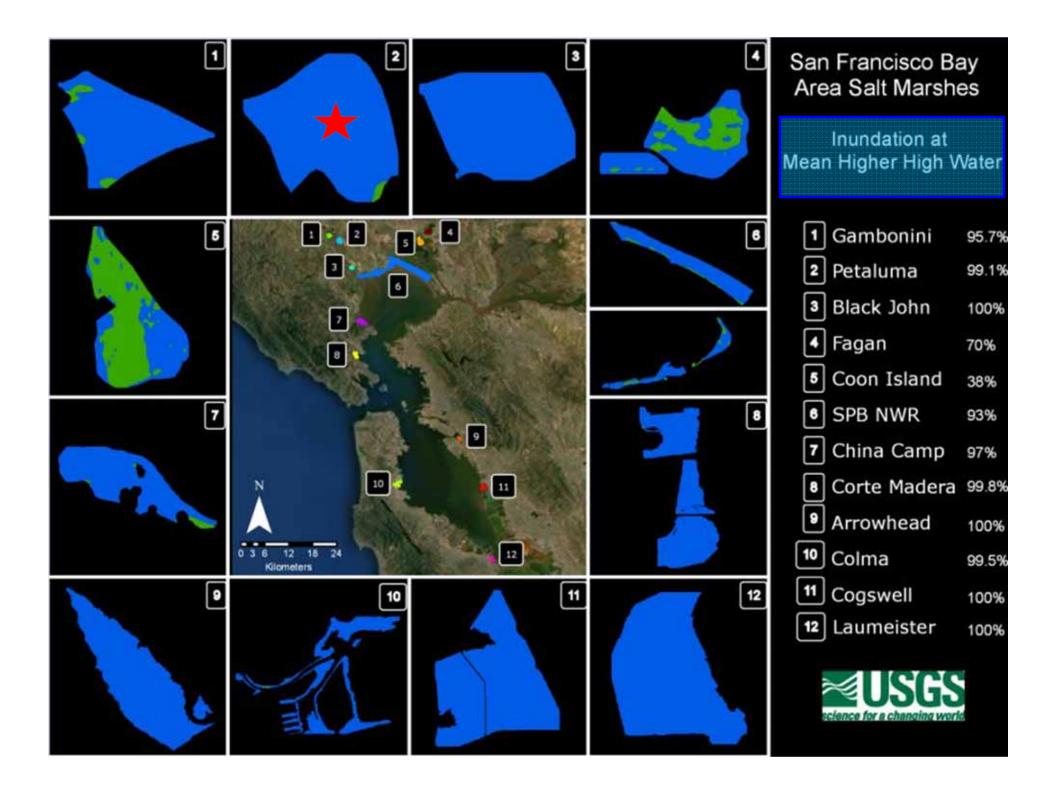
Flood Risk and Sea Level Rise – South Bay

Economic Impact, San Francisco Bay Area

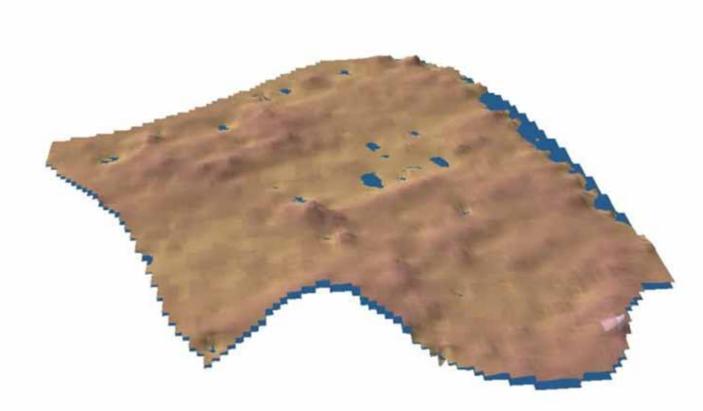


Relative positions of three marsh-dependent species.



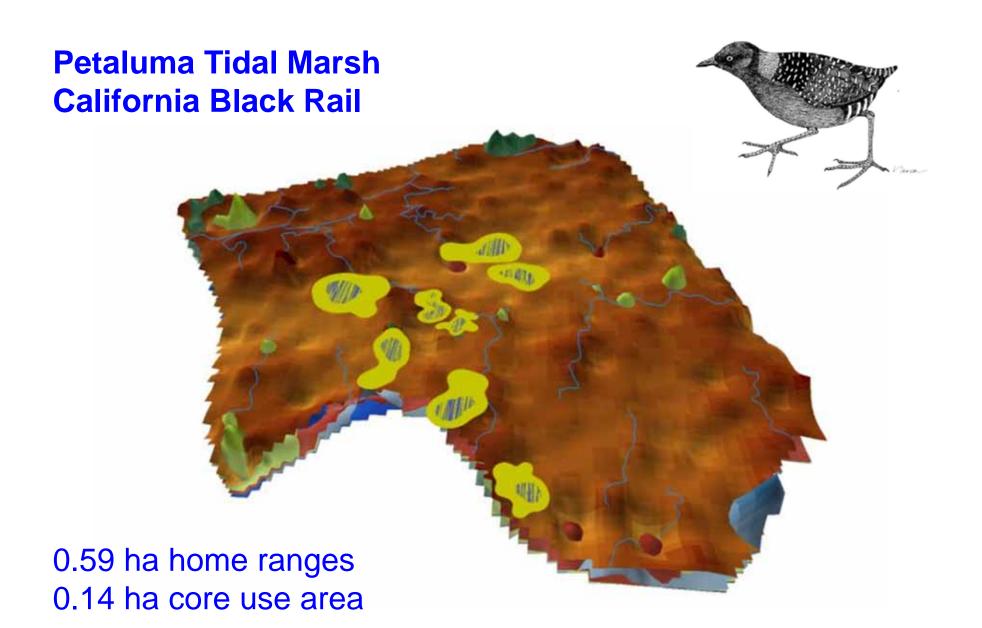


Petaluma Tidal Marsh water level = 1.75 m



Self USD Self

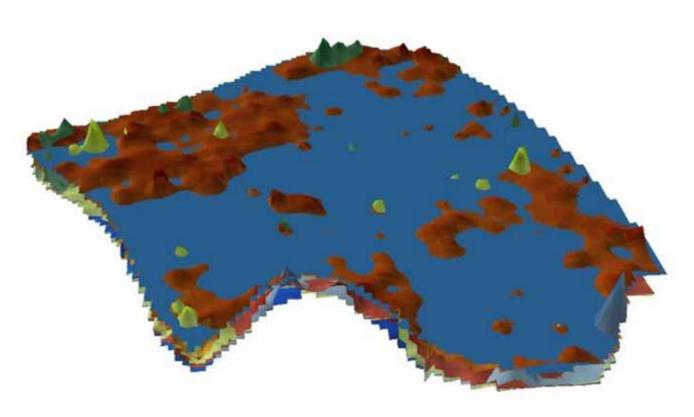




(Tsao et al. 2009, Condor 111:599-610)

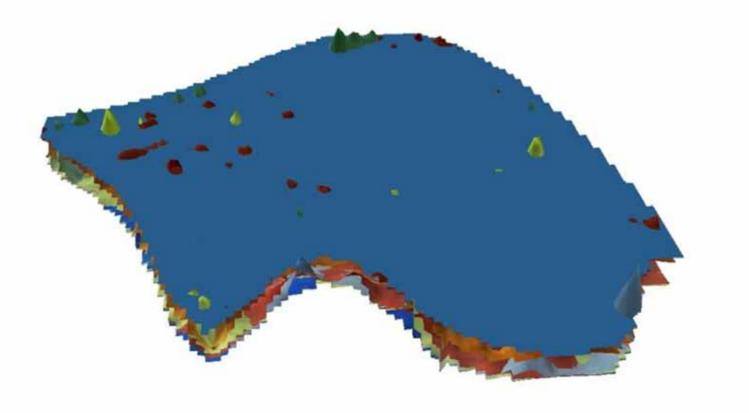


Petaluma Tidal Marsh water level = 2.35 m 90% inundated





Petaluma Tidal Marsh water level = 2.5 m >99% inundated What will happen with Sea Level Rise?



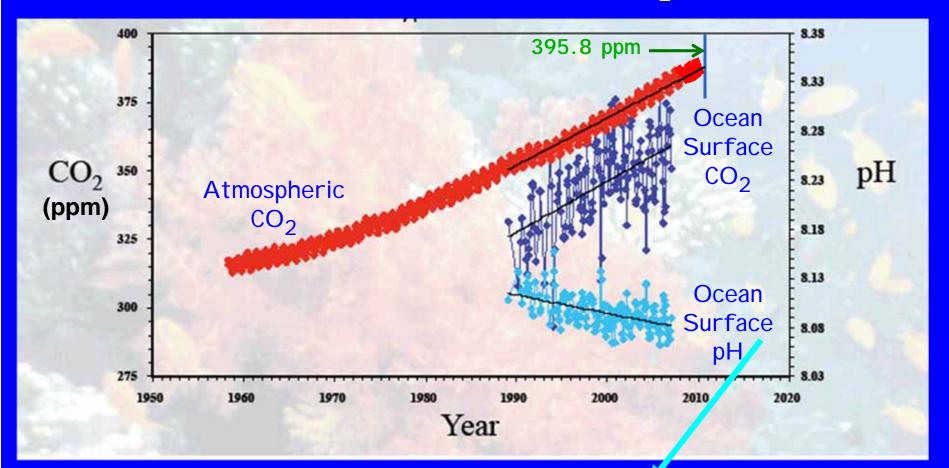




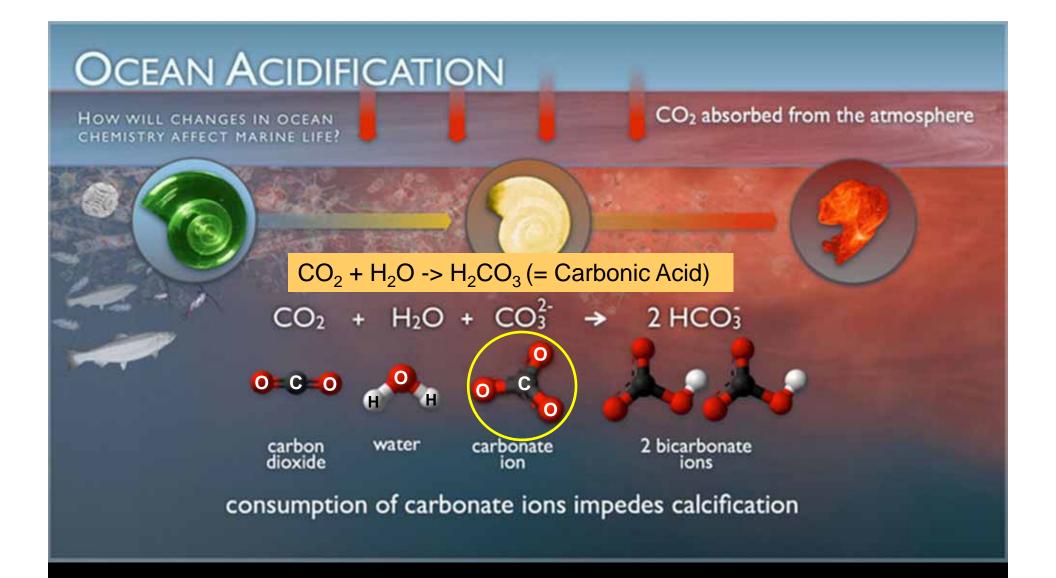
Ocean Acidification:

The ocean absorbs ~¼ of global C emissions.

Inverse relationship between Atmospheric CO₂ and Ocean pH.



Decreased pH lowers the saturation of CaCO₃ in seawater.



Since ~ 1850, the pH of the oceans has decreased by ~ 0.1 pH units (= 30% increase in acidity).

By the end of this century, it is predicted that the ocean surface will be more acidic than it has been in 400 M yrs.



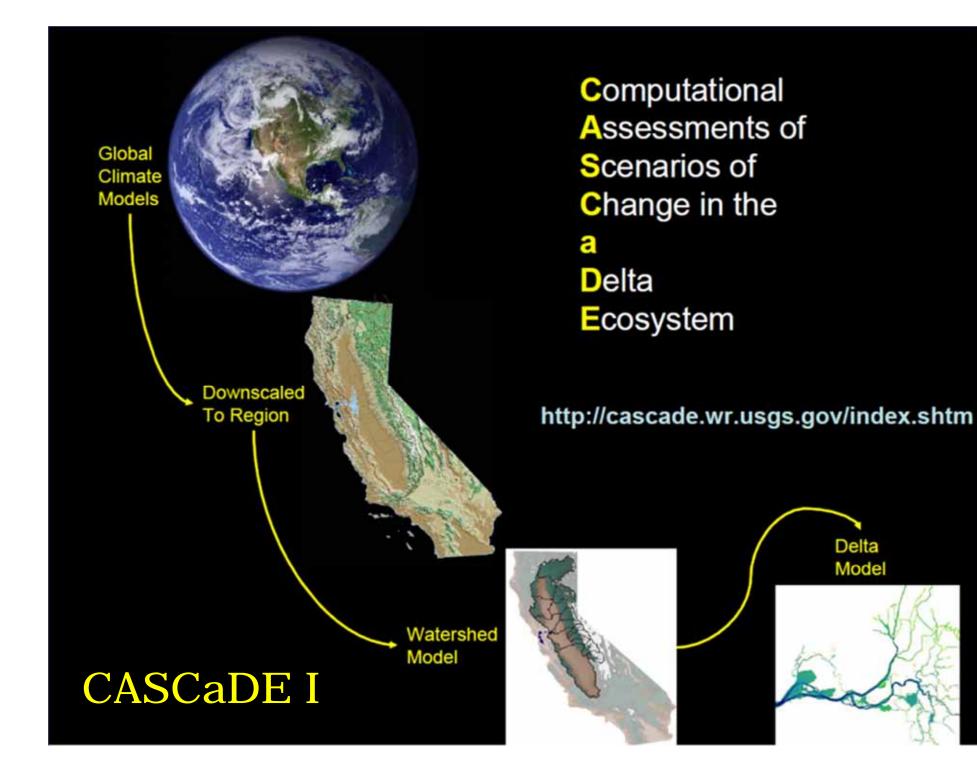
(c) Fernitzela

Climate Change will happen in the face of and in concert with all of the other stressors that already exist in the Bay-Delta ... including:

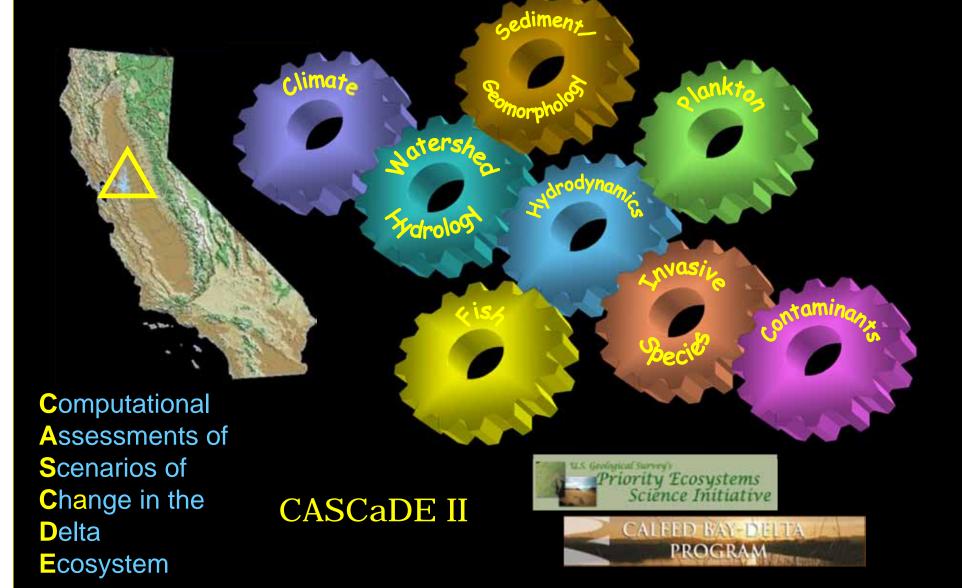
<u>Contaminants</u>: Mercury, Selenium, Pesticides, PCBs, PBDEs, Pharmaceuticals, other emerging contaminants

Invasive Species: New species ~ every 14 weeks

Land Use Change/Development:



New downscaled scenarios: A product of **SF Bay PES & CASCaDE projects:**





California Landscape Conservation Cooperative



www.CaliforniaLCC.org

Funded ~ 35 conservation projects over the past 3 yrs; 13 involved studies the Bay-Delta region.



Global Warming ?

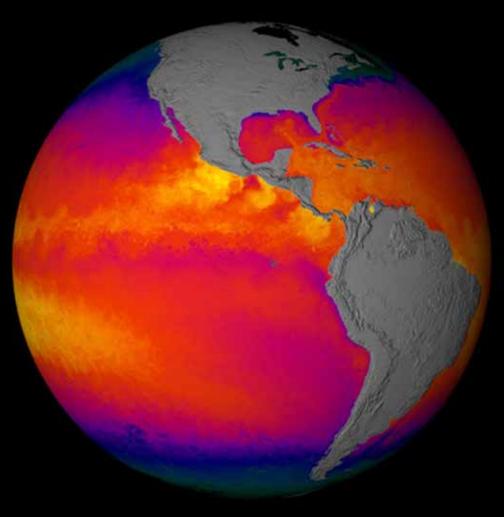
Definitive Scientific Data...

The END ???

Positive proof of global warming.



Think Cool



Thank You.....